Module 3 Study Guide

Name

Lesson 1

1. How did the growth of the steel industry influence the development of other industries?

2. What effects did the introduction of mechanical farming equipment have on some rural areas?

3. In what ways did the invention of the telephone impact the U.S.?

4. How did inventions and developments in the late $19^{\rm th}$ century change the way people worked?

<u>Lesson 2</u>

5. What impact did Vanderbilt have on transportation networks in the U.S.?

6. What affects did the principles of supply and demand have on businesses and industries during this time period?

7. How did railroad owners us Credit Mobilier to make huge, unreserved profits?

- 8. Why did people/farmers demand regulation of the railroads in the late 19th century?
- 9. Why were attempts at railroad regulation often unsuccessful?
- 10. What was the significance of the court case *Munn* v *Illinois*?

<u>Lesson 3</u>

11. How did American economic principles and the ideas of Social Darwinists encourage the growth of big business?

- 12. Why did business leaders oppose government regulation?
- 13. Why were business leaders such as J. D. Rockefeller called robber barons?
- 14. Why did the South industrialize more slowly than the North did?

Lesson 4

15. Why did workers form unions in the late 19th century?

16. What factors limited the success of unions?

17. How does the ability of a union to use collective bargaining give them leverage while negotiating with a factory owner?

18. What were the results of the Homestead Strike for steel workers?

19. How was the Paterson Silk Strike different from other labor strikes?

20. What was the significance of the Triangle Shirtwaist factory fire?